Parenting / CGS INSIGHTS





Building parent-school partnerships

WORDS Jenny Brockis

Why effective learning starts with a good night's sleep

Sleep is an active phase of the learning process, which is why as parents the single most important thing we can do to help our kids be more effective learners is to ensure they get enough sleep.

During sleep the brain is very busy replaying the day's activities extremely fast, picking out the key items it believes are most relevant for long-term storage in our memory banks, and tossing out the rest.

The amount of sleep children require varies with age and they require more sleep than adults. In primary school the recommendation is between 10 and 11 hours per night. High school students need around 9 hours to function at their best. The challenge is how to fit everything into the school day along with homework and extra curricular studies such as sport, music and drama, have enough down time to chill and relax, and get enough sleep.

The best way to learn anything is to study the topic hard for a period of time and then go so sleep for 8 hours. While this may not be practical in our every day lives, the principle is pay attention to what needs to be learned and then use sleep

to consolidate memory and deepen the understanding of the subject.

Talking with your child can help them understand why sleep is so important, not just to help with their studies but also to manage their emotions more easily. Anxiety or worry about academic performance, friendship issues and generally keeping up with everything can interfere with sleep, as can receiving text messages or snap chats during the night.

Our children spend many hours engaged with technology to help them study and for social connection. All these gadgets emit a blue light that fools the brain into thinking it is still daytime. Because the brain needs 2-3 hours to wind down and prepare for sleep, switching off the laptop or tablet late at night and then hopping into bed means it will be much harder for your child to then fall asleep.

The most effective way to study for a test is to space the learning. This requires studying the subject for a period of time and then putting it to one side to do something else. Later that day test recall of the subject by jotting down just the key

points. Those that have been forgotten can be quickly revised. Repeating this process with increasing lengths of time between self-testing is an excellent way to strengthen memory because it makes the brain work harder to recall the information. This method has been shown to be far more effective than rewriting or highlighting notes.

Getting sufficient sleep ensures the brain is fully rested and refreshed to study more effectively. A tired brain finds it harder to concentrate, focus, remember or learn.

Feeling grumpy or irritable doesn't help either!

The temptation to stay up late and cram for a test or exam can be strong, especially if others are doing it. Encouraging your child to get a good night's sleep instead means their brain will be far better prepared to enable them to deliver their best the next day. Trying to stuff more facts into a tired brain just leads to feeling stuffed, which isn't helpful to anyone and not worth the one or two extra marks they might have been hoping to gain.

more on page 2





Want more ideas to help you raise confident kids and resilient young people? Subscribe to Happy Kids newsletter, my **FREE** weekly email parenting guide at **parentingideas.com.au**. You'll be so glad you did.





Parenting loea:

Building parent-school partnerships

... Why effective learning starts with a good night's sleep ...

Helpful tips to assist your young person to get enough sleep

- Keep to a regular sleep schedule for both going to bed and getting up. It can be tempting to sleep in over the weekend, but while getting an additional hour or so can be helpful to pay off some sleep debt, spending longer than that is counterproductive as it further disrupts the normal sleep pattern.
- 2 If they are tired, suggest kids start going to bed 10 20 minutes earlier each night. It may not seem like much but can quickly start to make a difference to daytime alertness and wellbeing in just a few
- 3 Encourage daily physical activity. Some kids are naturally sporty but if your child dislikes exercise, suggest they go for a daily walk for 20-30 minutes or engage in an activity such as dancing. Movement primes the brain for better learning, reduces stress hormones, enhances mood and wellbeing and helps us all sleep better.
- 4 Many young people use their mobile phones as an alarm clock. If so, they can switch it to silent so messages from friends won't wake them during the night. Or buy them a clock so they don't need their phone at all!
- 5 There are a number of apps such as f.lux that will change the display light on computer screens to yellow, which doesn't impact the brain disrupting sleep patterns.

Sleep is essential to better brain health and performance, which is why getting enough sleep is never negotiable.

Jenny Brockis

Dr. Jenny Brockis is the Brain Fitness Doctor. She speaks and writes about brain health and performance. Her new book Future Brain: The 12 Keys to a High Performance Brain is available online and at all good bookstores.

www.drjennybrockis.com





Want more ideas to help you raise confident kids and resilient young people? Subscribe to Happy Kids newsletter, my **FREE** weekly email parenting guide at **parentingideas.com.au**. You'll be so glad you did.